



# INDIAN SCHOOL DARSAIT DEPARTMENT OF ENGLISH



Subject : English	Topic : HOW TO TELL WILD ANIMALS	Worksheet .No. : 11
		Date : _____
Name of the Student : _____	Class & Division : _____	Roll Number : ____
	<b>Read the extracts given below carefully and answer the questions that follow:</b>	4
(a)	<i>If ever you should go by chance To jungles in the east; And if there should to you advance A large and tawny beast, If he roars at you as you're dyin', You'll know it is the Asian Lion ....</i>	
	<p>(a) State features of an Asian Lion. An Asian Lion is large and brownish-yellow in colour.</p> <p>(b) What happens when the lion roars? When the lion roars, it is very scary and it feels like we are going to die.</p> <p>(c) What do you mean by 'tawny'? 'Tawny' means brownish-yellow in colour.</p> <p>(d) What is the physical appearance of the lion in the stanza? The lion in the stanza is large and tawny.</p>	
(b)	<i>Or if some time when roaming round, A noble wild beast greets you, With black stripes on a yellow ground, Just notice if he eats you. This simple rule may help you learn The Bengal Tiger to discern.</i>	
	<p>(a) How can you recognise a Tiger? A tiger can be recognised with the black stripes on his yellow hide.</p> <p>(b) Why does the poet call him a noble animal? The poet calls a him a noble animal as he is very impressive in size and does not roar loudly.</p> <p>(c) How is Bengal Tiger different from the other animals? Bengal Tiger is different from the other animals as he is quiet and roams silently.</p> <p>(d) What does the word 'ground' means here? It means the hide or the background that is the skin of the Tiger.</p>	
(c)	<i>If strolling forth, a beast you view, Whose hide with spots in peppered, As soon as he has leapt on you, You'll know it is the Leopard. Twill do no good to roar with pain, He'll only lep and lep again.</i>	
	<p>(a) While walking, how does a leopard's hide appear to be? A leopard's hide appears to be peppered while walking.</p> <p>(b) When does one come to know that it is a leopard? According to the poet, one comes to know that it is a leopard when it leaps or jumps on him.</p> <p>(c) Give a synonym of 'strolling'—Walking</p> <p>(d) Why it won't do any good to roar with pain? A leopard's grip is the toughest one, so one can't do anything under the grip of that beast.</p>	
(d)	<i>If when you're walking round your yard You meet a creature there, Who hugs you very, very hard, Be sure it is a Bear, If you have any doubts, I guess He'll give you just one more caress.</i>	
	<p>(a) Who is going to hug and why? The bear is going to hug you hard to embrace you.</p> <p>(b) This hug is also called—A Bear hug</p> <p>(c) What is the antonym of 'Caresse'? The antonym of 'caress' is 'strike'.</p>	

	(d) Where can a bear be found? A bear can be found in the yard where it may get nectar from the beehives.	
(e)	<i>Though to distinguish beasts of prey A novice might nonplus, The crocodile you always may, Tell from the Hyena thus: Hyenas come with merry smiles; But if they weep they're Crocodiles.</i>	
	(a) Between which animals would it be difficult to differentiate? It would be difficult to differentiate between a Crocodile and a Hyena. (b) How does a Hyena differ from a Crocodile? A Hyena laughs as it swallows its victim, while a Crocodile weeps as it swallows its prey. (c) Quote a saying famous for Crocodile. “Crocodile tears” is a famous saying for Crocodile. (d) Where does a novice may get confused? A novice may get confused in differentiating between a hyena and a crocodile.	
(f)	<i>The true Chameleon is small, A lizard sort of things; He hasn't any ears at all, And not a single wing. If there is nothing on the tree, 'Tis the Chameleon you see.</i>	
	(a) What does a Chameleon look like? A Chameleon looks like a lizard. (b) Describe any two characteristics of a Chameleon. A Chameleon does not have ears and wings. (c) Give an antonym of ‘small’—Big (d) Where can a chameleon be found? A chameleon can be found on the tree.	
	<b>Answer the following questions in 30-40 words:</b>	2
i)	How can you distinguish between a tiger and a leopard? Answer: A tiger has black stripes on its yellow coat. A leopard on the other hand, does not have any stripes. It has spots peppered on its body. Moreover, a tiger kills only when it is hungry, while a leopard can kill for the pleasure of killing by pouncing continuously on its prey.	
ii)	What is so weird about the Hyena and the crocodile? Answer: Some animals such as the hyena and the crocodile are famous for their weird behaviour. For example, a laughing hyena’s voice resembles human’s laughing sound. Moreover, a hyena laughs while swallowing it’s prey, while a crocodile shed tears.	
iii)	Describe a few characteristics of a chameleon. Answer: A chameleon is a garden lizard and is an expert at camouflage. It changes its colour as per its surroundings. This ability of camouflage helps it in saving it from the hunters. A chameleon does not have – any ears or wings.	
	<b>Answer the following question in 100-120 words:</b>	8
i)	‘Humour is the best medicine for every ailment in life’. Comment. Answer: Humour is infectious. When humour is shared, it binds people together and increases happiness. Humour strengthens our immune system, boosts our energy, diminishes pain and protects us from the damaging effects of stress. It is the priceless medicine for every ailment in life. The poet, in the poem ‘How to tell Wild Animals’ creates humour by describing various beasts of prey. The way the poet explains the things is very funny yet interesting. The poet has depicted the wildlife very vividly and in a lively manner. While reading the poem, the readers enjoy the poet’s work and it leaves them refreshed and happy.	